## Year 4 - Autumn 1

## I know number bonds to 100.

Count in 25s and 1000s.


## Top Tips

The secret to success is practising little and often. Use time wisely. Can you practise these KIRFs while walking to school or during a car journey? You don't need to practise them all at once: perhaps you could have a fact of the day. If you would like more ideas, please speak to your child's teacher.

Buy one get three free - If your child knows one fact (e.g. $81+19=100$ ), can they tell you the other three facts in the same fact family?
Use number bonds to 10 - How can number bonds to 10 help you work out number bonds to 100 ?
Play games - There are missing number questions at
http://www.conkermaths.org/cmweb.nsf/products/conkerkirfs.html
See how many questions you can answer in just 90 seconds. There is also a number bond pair game toplay.
Roll a number - Use 2 dice to create a 2 digit number - which number do you add to this to make 100 ?

## Key Instant Recall Facts

## Year 4 - Autumn 2

## I can count in 6s.

## I know the multiplication and division facts for the 6 times table. (up to 12x6)

By the end of this half term, children should know the factor pairs of numbers in the times tables. The aimis for them to recall these facts fairly instantly.

| Count in 6s | $0 \times 6=0$ | $0 \div 6=0$ | Key vocabulary |
| :---: | :---: | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{0}$ | $1 \times 6=6$ | $6 \div 6=1$ |  |
| $\mathbf{6}$ | $2 \times 6=12$ | $12 \div 6=2$ | What is 4 times $6 ?$ |
| $\mathbf{1 2}$ | $3 \times 6=18$ | $18 \div 6=3$ | What is 8 multiplied |
| $\mathbf{1 8}$ | $4 \times 6=24$ | $24 \div 6=4$ | by $6 ?$ |
| $\mathbf{2 4}$ | $5 \times 6=30$ | $30 \div 6=5$ | What is 24 divided by |
| $\mathbf{3 0}$ | $6 \times 6=36$ | $36 \div 6=6$ | $6 ?$ |
| $\mathbf{3 6}$ | $7 \times 6=42$ | $42 \div 6=7$ | What is 48 shared |
| $\mathbf{4 2}$ | $8 \times 6=48$ | $48 \div 6=8$ | between $6 ?$ |
| $\mathbf{4 8}$ | $9 \times 6=54$ | $54 \div 6=9$ | What is 72 divided |
| $\mathbf{5 4}$ | $10 \times 6=60$ | $60 \div 6=10$ | into groups of $6 ?$ |
| $\mathbf{6 0}$ | $11 \times 6=66$ | $66 \div 6=11$ |  |
| $\mathbf{6 6}$ | $12 \times 6=72$ | $72 \div 6=12$ |  |
| $\mathbf{7 2}$ |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |

They should be able to answer these questions in any order, including missing number questions, e.g. $6 \times \bigcirc=54$ or $\bigcirc \div 6=7$.

## Top Tips

The secret to success is practising little and often. Use time wisely. Can you practise these KIRFs while walking to school or during a car journey? You don't need to practise them all at once: perhaps you could have a fact of the day.
Buy one get three free - If your child knows one fact (e.g. $12 \times 6=72$ ), can they tell you the other three facts in the same fact family? If you know $7 \times 6=42$, then what will $70 \times 6$ be?

Times Table Rockstars - Children all have their username and password to practice in the "Garage" and the "Arena". They could try playing in the "Studio" and also do the Soundcheck.

Look for patterns - These times tables are full of patterns for your child to find. How many can they spot?

Use your three times table - Multiply a number by 3 and then double it. What do you notice? (e.g. $7 \times 3=21$, double it to get $7 \times 6$ which is 42).
http://www.conkermaths.org/cmweb.nsf/products/conkerkirfs.html See how many questions you can answer in 90seconds.
https://www.topmarks.co.uk/maths-games/daily10 and https://www.topmarks.co.uk/maths-games/hit-thebutton

